Global-scale Observations of the Limb and Disk (GOLD): Mission of Opportunity

Managing Partners and Resources PI Team Masters Forum #6

By Richard Eastes
GOLD Mission Pl



GOLD Mission Overview



Host Mission

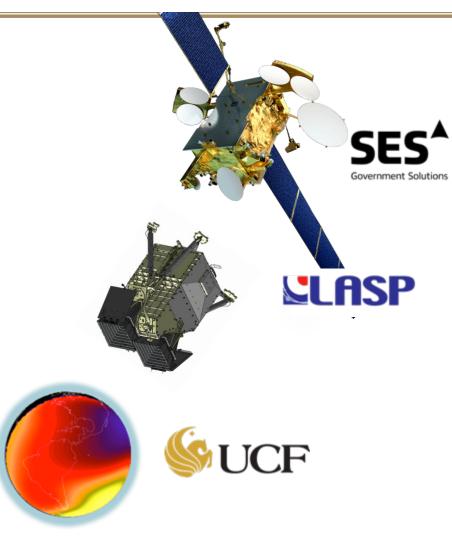
- Host mission will be SES-14
 - Satellite is a GEO commercial communications satellite at 47.5°W
 - Launch date is Sept. 2017 on SpaceX Falcon 9
- Owned and operated by SES

GOLD Instrument

- GOLD payload is an imaging spectrograph being built at LASP
- Imager observes limb and disk at 132-160 nm

Science Data Center at UCF

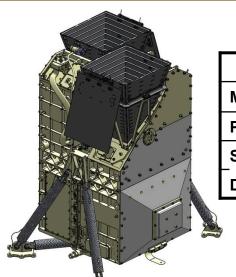
- Produces O/N₂, Tdisk, etc.
- Data on website, also at NASA
 Space Physics Data Facility (SPDF)





GOLD Mission Summary





Instrument Summary					
Mass	36.8 (CBE)				
Power	72.4 W (CBE, avg)				
Size	51 × 55 × 69 cm ³				
Data	6 Mbps				

Imaging Spectrograph:

Two independent, identical channels

Wavelength range: 132 – 160 nm

Detectors: Microchannel plate, 2-D

crossed delay line anode

Target Launch: 2017

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Ph	ase A					aa Li	aunch	^	^
<u> </u>		Selection	SRR PD	R CDR	PER PSI	R ORR/MR	IR	End of C	Ops

Florida Space Institute (FSI) University of Central Florida

PI: Richard Eastes

Project Coordinator: Andrey Krywonos

Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP) University of Colorado

Deputy PI: William McClintock

Project Manager: Rory Barrett

Observations:

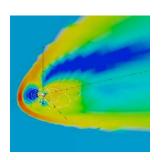
- Disk maps of neutral temperature
- Disk maps of O/N₂ density ratio
- Limb scans (for temperature)
- Disk maps of peak electron density
- Stellar occultations



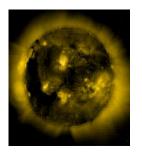
Weather in the Thermosphere-lonosphere



Forcing from Above



Science Question 1 (Q1). How do geomagnetic storms alter the temperature and composition structure of the thermosphere?



Q2. What is the globalscale response of the thermosphere to solar extreme-ultraviolet variability?





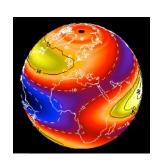


Q4. How does the nighttime equatorial ionosphere influence the formation and evolution of equatorial plasma density irregularities?





Q3. How significant are the effects of atmospheric waves and tides propagating from below on thermospheric temperature structure?



Forcing from Below



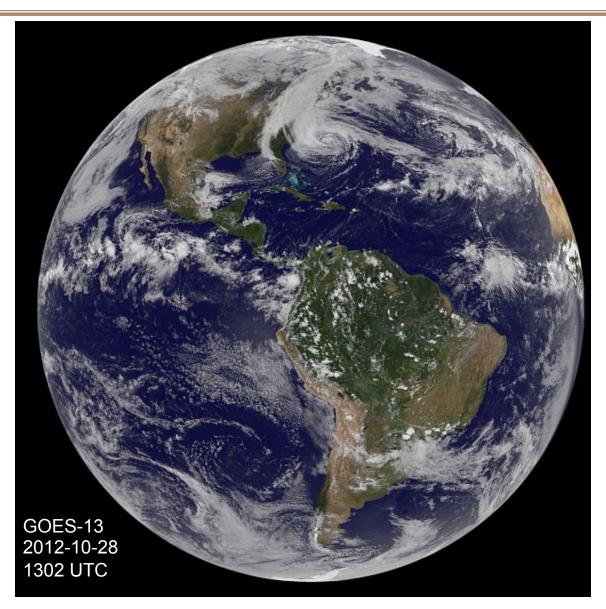
The View from Geostationary Orbit



GOLD will make unprecedented images of neutral temperature and composition in the Thermosphere

GOLD images the disk and limb from geostationary orbit

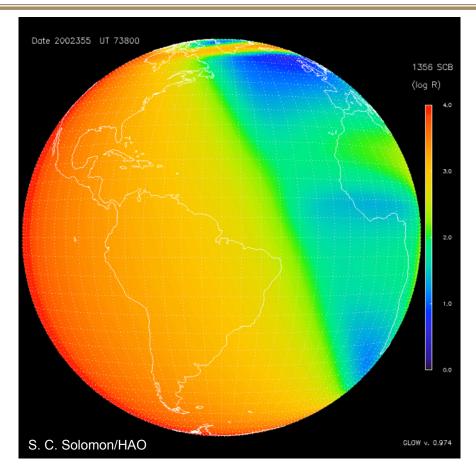
Full disk images at 30-minute cadence





Ultraviolet Imaging from GEO





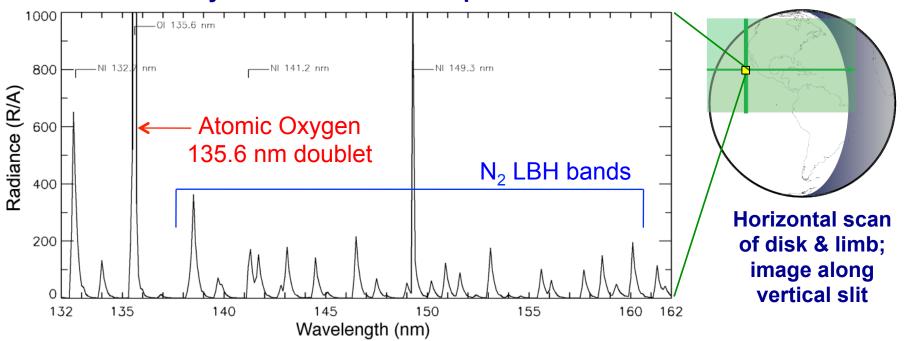
- Simulated GOLD image of oxygen (135.6 nm) emissions
- Simultaneously images N₂ emissions on dayside
- Emissions provide key data for bubbles, thermosphere, and electron densities



GOLD Measurement Technique







- Temperature obtained on disk from rotational shape of N₂ LBH bands
- O/N₂ composition measured using ratio of 135.6 doublet to LBH bands
- Temperature on limb determined by slope of emission altitude profile
- O₂ profile on limb from stellar occultations
- Nmax at night from 135.6 recombination emission (primarily O⁺ + e)





What to plan for and do early-on to avoid problems later in project's development



To Win and Execute a Science Mission?



- Great science which you have or you wouldn't be here
 - World class question(s) that can be answered by the mission
 - Essential for selection to perform Phase A study
 - Fits in NASA's strategic plan
- Outstanding Implementation
 - Appropriate and low risk. Heritage and simplicity reduce risk
 - Treat heritage with caution
 - Achievable within resources (technical, cost, and schedule)
 with generous margins
 - Good implementation is critical in Phase A CSR, much more weight than in proposal evaluation
- Well developed and defined requirements
 - Requirements are necessary to keep everyone on track
 - Allows design to be optimized early and allows assessment of potential changes



Phase A (B & C) Lesson – Traceability Matrix (Requirements)



- An essential tool for communicating the relationship between the science questions, science requirements, measurement requirements and measurement capabilities
- Enables you and others to see the flowdown from science questions to mission and instrument capabilities....and to allocate resources
- A key reference for CSR and beyond (e.g., for Level 1's)

Science Traceability Matrix

Sci. Goal	Sci. Obj.	Scientific Measurement Requirements	Instrument Functional Requirements (Reqmts.)	Projected Performance	Mission Functional Reqmts.
Overarching		UV disk images of O and N ₂ emissions	Spatial res.		Geostationary orbit
	Q1		λ res.		





Managing Partners, Managing Contingency, and Descope Philosophy/Approach



Descope Philsophy for MoO



- GOLD instrument design used two identical channels
- Single channel was capable of productive measurements, but both needed for full capability needed to meet full science (Level 1) requirements proposed
- Capability to make productive (threshold) measurements with single channel also enhances reliability of the instrument



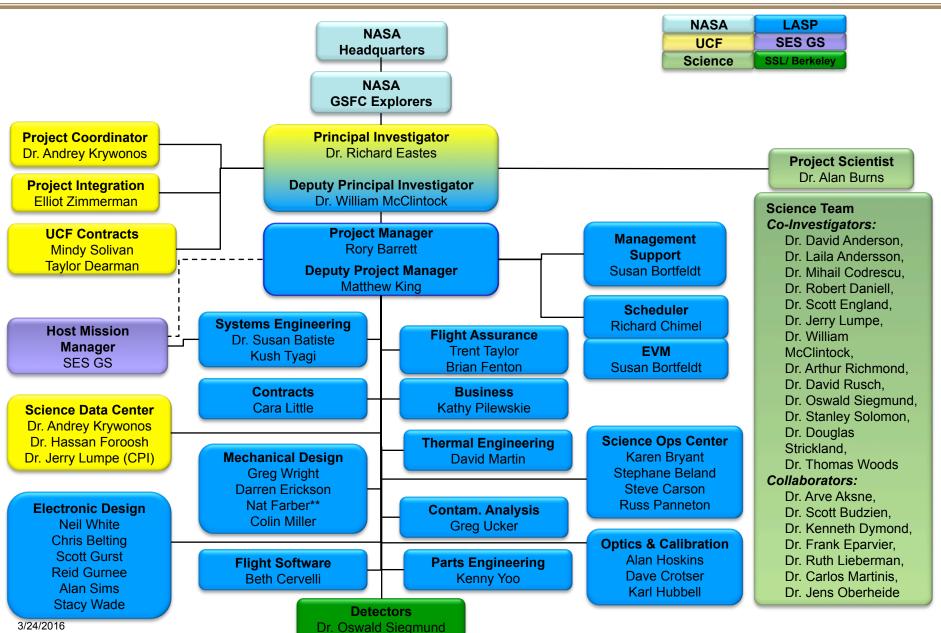


Managing Partners, Managing Contingency, and Descope Philosophy/Approach



GOLD Project Organization







Hosting of Mission (1 of 2)



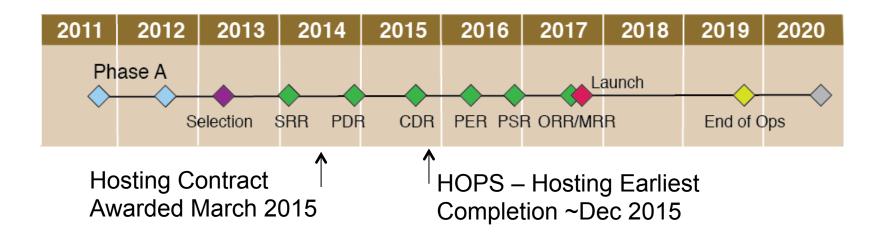
- Proposed effort for GOLD included contracting with SES-GS for hosting of mission on an SES satellite
- In preparation for Preliminary Design Review, the need to update accommodation costs was recognized late
- Updated cost was \$2.5M larger than original ROM
- Raised concerns within program of additional, future increases in costs and that such changes could push mission costs beyond cost cap of \$65M for MoOs



Hosting of Mission (2 of 2)



- Viable plan for hosting and of cost needed before PDR
- Consequently, suggestions that GOLD team consider hosting contract through Air Force HOPS program
- Months of digression before recognizing likely delays
- Then resumed effort on hosting contract with SES-GS



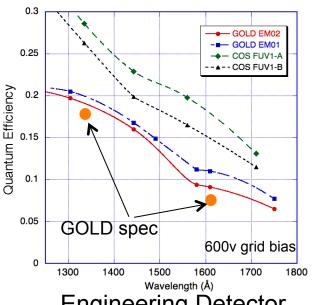
Key to successful resolution was clearer communication



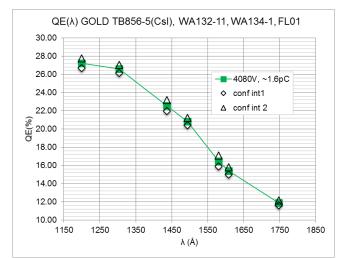
Example 2 – Low QE Detectors



- Detector QE on engineering model was lower than predicted
 - Reallocation of sensitivity budget would have eliminated margin on requirements
- Were at point where impact to schedule reserve was small (~2 weeks) & repeating later steps in processing would have large schedule impact (next step would have been commitment to low sens)
- Allowed time to explore reason for low sensitivity and options for sensitivity increase
- Good communication enabled team to allow time needed for analysis



Engineering Detector



Flight Detector



In Conclusion



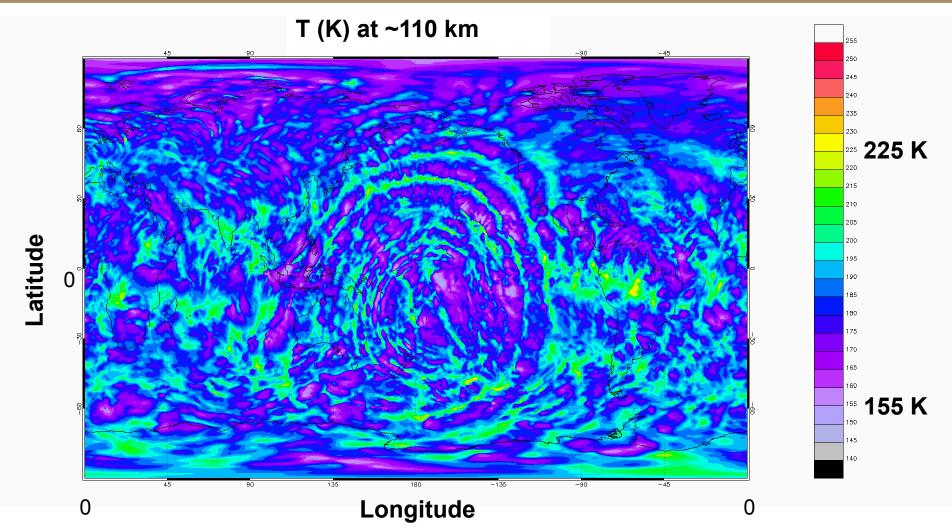
 Well developed requirements are a key to understanding and communicating how to best use resources

 Broad and effective communication benefits the mission in managing partners and managing contingency



Forcing from Below in Typhoon





WACCM Calculation of Gravity Waves at High Resolution (0.25° Spatial by 0.1 Scale Height)